

## **TEMAS OPOSICIONES INGLÉS PRIMARIA**

**UNIT 1**. Language as communication: spoken language and written language. Factors defining a linguistic situation: sender, receiver, functionality and context.

**UNIT 2.** Communication in the foreign language class. Verbal communication. Non-verbal communication. Extralinguistic strategies: non-verbal interactions in different contexts.

**UNIT 3.** Developing linguistic skills: listening, speaking, reading and writing, the communicative competence in English

**UNIT 4.** Assessment of the knowledge of foreign languages as means of communication. Interest in linguistic variety through the knowledge of a new language and its culture

**UNIT 5.** Geographic, historic and cultural overview of English-speaking countries. Didactic application of the significant geographic, historic and cultural aspects

**UNIT 6.** Contribution of linguistics to foreign language teaching. Language learning process: similarities and differences between first and foreign language acquisition.

**UNIT 7.** Oral foreign language. The complexity of global understanding in oral interactions: from hearing to active and selective listening. Speaking: from imitative repetition to autonomous production.

**UNIT 8**. Written language. Approximation, maturation and improvement of the reading-writing process. Reading comprehension: extensive and intensive reading techniques. Writing: from the interpretation to the production of texts.

**UNIT 9.** Description of the English Phonological System. Learning models and techniques. Perception, discrimination and sound emission; intonation rhythm and stress. Phonetic correction

**UNIT 10.** Orthographic codes in the English language. Sound-spelling relationship. Proposals for teaching the written code. Applying spelling to written production

**UNIT 11.** Lexical and semantic fields in the English Language. Necessary lexicon for socialization, information and expressing attitudes. Typology of activities related to teaching and learning vocabulary in the classroom.



**UNIT 12**. Essential elements of morphology and syntax of the English language. Elementary communicative structures. The gradual use of part-of-speech categories in oral and written productions to improve communication

**UNIT 13**. History of didactic evolution of the foreign languages: from the grammar-translation to current methods.

**UNIT 14.** Methods and techniques focusing on the acquisition of communicative competence. Methodological basis for teaching English.

**UNIT 15.** Epochs, authors and literary genres suitable for instructional application in the English class. Text typologies

**UNIT 16**. Children's literature in English. Didactic techniques for listening comprehension. Introducing and encouraging reading habits and appreciating the poetic function of language.

**UNIT 17.** Songs as a poetic and literary creation in the classroom. Song typology. Techniques for using songs for phonetical, lexical and cultural learning

**UNIT 18.** Function of games and creativity in FLL. Definition and typology of games for language learning and proficiency. Games as play and creative techniques to achieve foreign language communicative competence.

**UNIT 19.** Motivational and expressive techniques as a resource for FLL. Real-life situations, role playing and storytelling. Group work in creative activities. Teacher 's role.

**UNIT 20.** Foreign language subject in the official educational curriculum. Criteria to be reflected in the school educational project and in the school curricular project.

**UNIT 21**. Programming in the FL area: planning units. Criteria for sequencing and scheduling contents and objectives. Selecting the methodology to be used in learning and evaluation activities.

**UNIT 22.** Features to take into account when managing the English class: grouping students, organizing space and timing, methodology selection and teacher's role.

**UNIT 23.** Elaboration of curricular materials for the English class. Criteria for the selection and use of textbooks. Authentic documents: limitation on their use. Students' collaboration for designing materials.



**UNIT 24**. Technological and pedagogical aspects of the use of audiovisual materials. Computers as an auxiliary resource for FLL and proficiency.

**UNIT 25.** Student-centred FL learning and teaching process: bases and applications. Identifying motivation and attitudes towards English language: practical applications.